

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

2009

Mentioned for the first time in a 1987 report prepared by the World Commission on Environment and Development, the concept of sustainable development is defended by a variety of players: international and supranational bodies, civil society, public authorities and businesses. This extremely broad notion, aimed at meeting present needs without compromising the survival of future generations, touches on economics, public and private management, environmental protection, health, education, agriculture, tourism and international development, among others.

Players in the political, economic and social domains have to take sustainable development into account in their strategies. This means that there are ever more numerous and specialised professionals in areas such as environmental risk management, ecocounselling, professional codes of ethics, social or environmental audits and ratings, financial communications, governance or sustainable strategy consulting. As a result, training provision is also expanding and diversifying from year to year. The jobs being created are to be found in the major companies, corporate foundations, consulting firms, rating agencies, banks, NGOs or international, national and regional organisations. (See the "Environment" data sheet as well.)

Sustainable development professionals are responsible above all for long-term forecasting. Before beginning studies in this area, it is therefore necessary to have skills in fields such as economics, management, law, engineering or land-use planning.

Sustainable development programmes are aimed at individuals who have completed their undergraduate studies in traditional disciplines and are generally at Masters level or beyond.

Websites

- Ministry of Ecology and Sustainable Development http://www.developpement-durable.gouv.fr/
- Information portal on sustainable development http://www.agora21.org
- List of UNESCO chairs UNITWIN Network http://portal.unesco.org/education/fr
- Directory of distance learning in environment and sustainable development http://www.e-formation-environnement.com
- College of Advanced Studies in Environment and Sustainable Development http://www.cheedd.net
- French-English technical dictionary http://www.dictionnaire-environnement.com/dico_env_en.php

Keywords

administration, agronomy, land-use planning, anthropology, indigenous peoples, biodiversity, biotechnologies, fair trade, communication, decision, demography, local development, law, economic, ecosystems, ethics, ethnology, finances, geography, management, governance, history, islands, environmental engineering, coast, sea, mountain, NGOs (nongovernmental organizations), organizations, poverty, health, food security, soil, territory, tourism, urban studies.



Search for schools, majors, and degree programs on the CampusFrance website.

 ${\bf Campus France's\ online\ catalog\ contains\ information\ on\ every\ program\ in\ France-from\ the\ licence\ (bachelor)\ level\ to\ the\ doctorate.}$

campusfrance.org >academic programs and research opportunities in France

Licence and master level: Enter a field of study and academic level, and the search engine will tell you what degrees are offered and where.

http://www.campusfrance.org/fr/d-catalogue/ **Doctoral level**: search the directory of doctoral programs:

http://www.campusfrance.org/ecoledoc/index.htm

CampusBourse: search the directory of scholarship programs:

http://www.campusfrance.org/fr/d-catalogue/campusbourse/cfbourse/index.html



ENVIRONMENTAL AND EARTH SCIENCES

2009

Recycling, ecological awareness, and environmental protection are now the everyday concerns of ordinary citizens, corporations, and political leaders. The burgeoning awareness of the threats to our environment has created a new sector of economic activity and many new professional specialities.

Many of today's environmental professionals are dedicated to achieving the goals of sustainable development and resource preservation. Their tasks, and ours, are to protect and preserve nature and natural habitats, and to cut pollution and other environmental risk factors, while developing lands in an environmentally sensitive and sustainable way. The success of all of these objectives will depend on our ability to change our behavior.

The earth and space sciences encompass the planet Earth (lithosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere), our solar system, and beyond.

Students wishing to work in an environmental field often obtain their scientific grounding in the earth and space sciences. They study the origins of the Earth and its development, examining the geological and fossil records. The Earth's crust (in both its "stable" and movable forms) is an object of study, as are glaciers, coral reefs, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, mountains, and oceans.

Fields:

Environment, Earth sciences, Space sciences. See also the following subject profiles: Environment: ocean, atmosphere, land, waste management; Biology; Chemistry; Sustainable development; Humanities; Law; Tourism

Sectors of activity:

industry, public service, regional government, research, nongovernmental organizations, business

ORGANIZATION OF STUDIES IN FRANCE



University programs, which follow the LMD (licence, master, doctorate) ladder, have focused historically on preparing future teachers and researchers. But professionally oriented programs at the licence level (licences professionnelles) now cater to students wishing to move directly into a career. Environmental studies per se begin after the licence—that is, at the master level. Students wishing to enter a master's program in environmental sciences should prepare by earning a licence in science and technology, majoring in life sciences or earth and space sciences. Master's programs may be oriented either toward research or toward professional work.

Most environmental **Engineering programs** focus on the treatment of pollution and other nuisances affecting the water, ground, and air, or on technological risks. Most schools of general engineering now offer second- and third-year options in environment. Certain specialized engineering schools—notably those devoted to chemical, civil, and agricultural engineering—offer more elaborate programs in environmental engineering.

France's engineering schools also offer degree programs in earth and space sciences.

Students are generally admitted to the 3-year programs following a 2-year preparatory program. Admission decisions are based on applicants' scores on an entrance examination. Most schools admit some students on the basis of their prior academic record and application file. This method of admission is also used for admissions into the second and third years of engineering programs

RESEARCH THEMES



The earth sciences offer a vast range of research opportunities. Some sample areas include physical sedimentology, structural geology, tectonics, archean geodynamics, geomagnetism, isotope hydrology and paleoclimatology, igneous petrology, environmental geomicrobiology, geochemistry of mineral deposits, mineralogy of plutonic rock, and isotopic and environmental geochemistry.

The major research themes of the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS, national center for scientific research) include the following:

- formation of the solar system
- evolution and dynamics of the Earth's surface and that of the other planets
- internal dynamics of the Earth and other planets
- interactions between the living and mineral worlds.



INTERNATIONAL STANDING



For the first time, a French researcher has garnered one of the top international environmental prizes. Claude Lorius, a scholar of glaciers and research director emeritus at CNRS, won the 2008 Blue Planet Prize. Through his work, Lorius raised awareness of the effect of human activity on the environment.

Websites

General informations

- . Ministry of Agriculture http://www.agriculture.gouv.fr
- Ministry of Ecology and Sustainable Development

http://www.environnement.gouv.fr

- National Forestry Office http://www.onf.fr
- National Office of Aerospace Research and Studies

http://www.onera.fr

Professional associations and research organizations

- CNRS, national center for scientific research http://www.cnrs.fr
- CNAM, national conservatory of arts and professions http://www.cnam.fr Institut français de l'Environnement (French environmental institute), http://www.ifen.fr/
- Agence de l'Environnement et de la Maîtrise de l'Energie (agency for the environment and for energy development)

http://www.ademe.fr

• Institut national de l'Environnement industriel et des risques (national institute on the industrial environment and related risks),

http://www.ineris.fr

- Observatoire de Recherche en environnement (environmental research observatory), http://www.ore.fr/
- Centre National d'études spatiales (national center for space studies), http://www.cnes.fr
- Institut national des sciences de l'univers (national institute of sciences of the universe)

http://www.insu.cnrs.fr/

• Société française d'astronomie et d'astrophysique (French society of astronomy and astrophysics),

http://www.sf2a.asso.fr

• Société astronomique de France (French astronomical society)

http://www.saf-lastronomie.com

 $\bullet \ {\bf Association} \ {\bf française} \ {\bf d'astronomie} \ ({\bf French} \ {\bf association} \ {\bf of} \ {\bf astronomers}), \\$

http://www.afanet.fr

• Fédération française de géologie (French geological federation),

http://e.geologie.free.fr

• Union française des géologues (French geological union),

http://www.ufg.asso.fr

• Bureau de recherches géologiques et minières (BRGM, bureau of geological and mineral research),

http://www.brgm.fr

• Institut français de recherche pour l'exploitation de la mer (IFREMER, French institute of oceanographic research),

http://www.ifremer.fr

Keywords

agriculture - agronomy - anthropology - aquatics - archeosciences - astronomy astrophysics – atmosphere – atomic chemistry and physics – biodiversity – biology - chemistry - climate - coastal studies - communication - conservation - consulting and expertise - culture - defense - development - Earth - ecology economics – ecosystems – energy – engineering – environment – finance - forestry - geochemistry - geography - geology - geophysics - glaciology green - habitat - health - human activity - hydrology - industry - landscape architecture and design – land-use planning – law – life sciences – maintenance - management - maritime - meteorology - metrology - microbiology minerals and mineralogy - mitigation - modeling - mountains - nature natural resources and natural resource management - nuclear - oceans and oceanography – paleontology – petrology – physics – planet – politics – policy - pollution - populations - prevention - production - protection - radioactivity regional development – renewable – research – resource – risk – rural – science - sedimentology - sociology - space - sustainability - technology - tectonics tourism - toxicology - transport - universe - urban - volcano - waste and waste management - water



Search for schools, majors, and degree programs on the CampusFrance website.

CampusFrance's online catalog contains information on every program in France—from the licence (bachelor) level to the doctorate.

campusfrance.org >academic programs and research opportunities in France

Licence and master level: Enter a field of study and academic level, and the search engine will tell you what degrees are offered and where.

http://www.campusfrance.org/fr/d-catalogue/

Doctoral level: search the directory of doctoral programs http://www.campusfrance.org/ecoledoc/index.htm **CampusBourse**: search the directory of scholarship programs:

http://www.campusfrance.org/fr/d-catalogue/campusbourse/cfbourse/index.html